## MATHEMATICS P3 Curriculum Briefing



## Vision

A community of confident and motivated pupils who are both effective problem-solvers and team-players.

## Mission

To equip pupils with the necessary mathematical knowledge and skills for everyday life and for continuous learning in mathematics and related disciplines.

Maig Girls' Schoal

## We hope our girls will...



## MOE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK



Understanding of the properties and relationships, operations and algorithms

MOE, 2020

Primary 1

| Whole <br> Numbers | Whole <br> Numbers |
| :--- | :--- |
| Measure <br> ment | Measure <br> ment |
| Geometry | Geometry |
| Data <br> Analysis | Data <br> Analysis |
|  | Fractions |



Primary 2 \& 3
Primary 4

| Whole <br> Numbers |
| :--- |
| Measure <br> ment |
| Geometry |
| Data |
| Analysis |


| Fractions |
| :--- |
| Decimals |

Spiral Approach in Math Curriculum Concepts taught are built on concepts taught in previous years.

Primary 5

| Whole | Whole |
| :--- | :--- |
| Numbers | Numbers |
| Measure <br> ment | Measure <br> ment |
| Geometry | Geometry |
| Data <br> Analysis | Data <br> Analysis |


| Fractions |
| :--- |
| Decimals |
| Percentage |
| Ratio |
| Speed |

Topics
Whole Numbers Numbers up to 1000

Addition \& Subtraction Multiplication \& Division

Comparing
Converting

| Measurement | Length | Length |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Mass | Mass |
|  | Time | Volume |
|  | Volume | Time |

Geometry

| Money | Comparing |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Converting |

2-D Shapes Angles
3-D Shapes
Perpendicular and Parallel lines
Area and Perimeter (square and rectangle)

| Data Representation <br> and Interpretation | Picture Graphs <br> (with scales) | Bar Graphs <br> (with scales) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Fractions of a Whole Addition \& Subtraction

P 3
Numbers up to 10000
Addition \& Subtraction
Multiplication \& Division
Addition \& Subtraction

Equivalent Fractions
Addition \& Subtraction

## Mathematics Syllabus (MOE)

## https://www.moe.gov.sg/primary/curriculum/syllabus

## Primary school subjects and syllabuses

Primary school students will be introduced to subject-based learning where they will learn subjects such as languages, mathematics, science, art, music and social studies. Learn more about the syllabus taught in the classroom.

## Subjects

- 2021 Mathematics Syllabus (Primary 1 to 6) (starting with 2021 Primary One cohort)
- 2013 Mathematics Syllabus (Primary 1 to 6)

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## Books and Materials Used

* My Pals Are Here! Pupil's Book 3A and 3B My Pals Are Here! Workbook 3A and 3B
My Pals Are Here! Topical Tests
P3 HGS Heuristics WS
Math File (red folder)
Math Bank Book


## Problem Solving Heuristics

 are general methods or strategies of achieving a solution to a given problem.Maig Guils' Schoal

## Whole School Heuristics Approach

| No. Heuristics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Model Drawing: Part and Whole |

2 Model Drawing: Comparison
Model Drawing: Multiplication
3 and Division
4 Model Drawing: Before and After
5 Systematic Listing
6 Find a Pattern
7 Draw a Diagram
8 Restate The Problem
9 Guess and Check
10 Working Backwards
11 Make an Assumption
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { P1 } & \text { P2 } & \text { P3 } & \text { P4 } & \text { P5 } & \text { P6 }\end{array}$
$\checkmark \quad V \quad V \quad V$
$\vee \quad \vee \quad \vee \quad V$

|  | V | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  |  | V | V | $\checkmark$ |

## Types of Assessments

| When are pupils assessed? | Non-weighted Assessments | Weighted Assessments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Term 1 to 4 | - Class activities <br> - Math Practices <br> eg. Workbook <br> Test Book <br> Heuristics worksheets <br> - Questioning and Feedbacks <br> - Math Journal <br> - Practice Papers | Term 2 |
|  |  | -Weighted Assessment |
|  |  | Term 3 |
|  |  | -Weighted Assessment |
|  |  | Term 4 |
|  |  | - End-of Year Exam |
|  |  | Question Types: |
|  |  | MCQs, Fill in the Blanks and Word Problems |
|  |  | * Dates and topics to be tested will be provided in the HA letters. |

## Format for P3 Weighted Assessments

|  | Term 2 <br> Weighted <br> Assessment | Term 3 <br> Weighted <br> Assessment | Term 4 <br> End-of-Year Exam |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Duration | 50 min | 50 min | 1 h 45 min |
| Weightage | $15 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| Total Marks | 30 | 30 | 80 |
| Format: <br> (No. of Questions) |  | 5 | 15 |
| - MCQ | 5 | 10 | 20 |
| - Short- Answer <br> Question | 10 | 5 | 6 |

## Common codes used during marking of Math questions/word problems

| Codes | Representations |
| :--- | :--- |
| WM | Wrong method to arrive at the same answer |
| CC | Careless calculation (method is correct) |
| MU | Missing Units |
| C. ME | Missing Equation |

## Some examples of how marking codes are used



Llane $\rightarrow 336+42=378$


Keter $\rightarrow$ 378-61 $=317$
fotal $\rightarrow 378+317+336$
$=1031$
Answer: 1031


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(2) Farisha buys 17 hairclips.

Sarah buys 3 more hairclips than Farisha.
How many hairclips does Sarah buy?


Sarah buys $\frac{19 x}{(20) c}$ hairclips.

## Expectations of Our Students

- Listen and participate actively
- Be on task
- Be prepared
- bring the necessary books
- handing in work on time
- Ask when in doubt
- Take pride in her work
- check through, neat handwriting Persevere - Keep Trying and Don't Give Up


## Neat and Clear Presentation of Mathematical Solutions

1. All mathematical equations to be written.
2. Models are to be labelled properly.
3. Workings to be shown and aligned on the right hand side of each page.

Kat bought 1345 balloons.
Dinah bought 2895 more balloons than Kat. How many balloons did Dinah buy?


Dinah's Balloons $\rightarrow 1345+2895=4240$

## How Parents Can Help

- Please ensure school work is completed first.
- Work and communicate closely with your child's Math Teacher.

- Follow up on homework daily
- ask questions that guide without telling them the answer.
- How do you know that ...?
- What does this tell us about ...?
- How can we explain ...?
- What did you see / know ?
- What did you see/ know that makes you say so?
E.O. Probe Understanding

```
- Is it possible that ...? Give
examples
- What would happen if ...?
- Why ...?
-Why not ...?
```


## examples

```
- What would happen if ...?
- Why ...?
- Why not ...?
```



## How Parents Can Help

- Train your child to show proper and detailed working steps.

- Encourage your child to share her solutions with you.
- Go through the steps in problem solving.
- Encourage her to persevere.

| Mathematical Problem Solving Process |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\left(\begin{array}{ll}  & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array}\right.$ | Choose a Strategy/Heuristics <br> - Model Method <br> - Find a Pattern <br> - Make a List <br> - Working Backwards <br> - Guess and Check <br> - Others |
|  | - Write number equations clearly <br> - Add, subtract, multiply, divide <br> - Use mathematical tools such as ruler, protractor and set-squares <br> - Apply formula |
|  | - Have I answered the question? <br> - S : Standard Units of Measurement <br> - T: Transfer Error <br> - A : Accuracy <br> - R: Reasonableness <br> - Is there another way I can solve and check my answer? |

## How Parents Can Help

- Ensure your child knows the multiplication tables well especially 6, 7, 8 and 9.

| TINTES TABLE CHARTGTO I 6 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6 \times 1=6$ | $7 \times 1=7$ | $8 \times 1=8$ | 9×1-9 | $10 \times 1=10$ |
| $6 \times 2-12$ | $7 \times 2=14$ | $8 \times 2-16$ | $9 \times 2=15$ | $10 \times 2=20$ |
| $6 \times 3=18$ | $7 \times 3=21$ | $8 \times 3=24$ | $9 \times 3=27$ | $10 \times 3=30$ |
| $6 \times 4-24$ | $7 \times 4-28$ | $8 \times 4=32$ | $9 \times 4-36$ | $10 \times 4-40$ |
| $6 \times 5=30$ | $7 \times 5=35$ | $8 \times 5=40$ | $9 \times 5=45$ | $10 \times 5=50$ |
| $6 \times 6=36$ | $7 \times 6=42$ | $8 \times 6-48$ | $9 \times 6.54$ | $10 \times 6=60$ |
| $6 \times 7=42$ | $7 \times 7=49$ | $8 \times 7=56$ | $9 \times 7=63$ | $10 \times 7=70$ |
| $6 \times 8.48$ | $7 \times 8-56$ | $8 \times 8=64$ | $9 \times 8=72$ | $10 \times 8=30$ |
| $6 \times 9=54$ | $7 \times 9=63$ | $8 \times 9.72$ | $9 \times 9=81$ | $10 \times 9-90$ |
| $6 \times 10=50$ | $7 \times 10=70$ | $8 \times 10=30$ | $9 \times 10=90$ | $10 \times 10=100$ |

- Relate Math concepts to daily life examples. E.g mass of a packet of rice, cutting the pizza into equal parts is about fractions, 3D objects around us
- Provide a positive environment - encourage and praise your child's effort.



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